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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/869,452	10/25/2001	Noritada Kuwayama	9694-000002	4241	
27572 7590 06/16/2005 HARNESS, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C.			EXAMINER		
			SHUTE, DOUGLAS M		
P.O. BOX 828 BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48303			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	•		2121		
			DATE MAILED: 06/16/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/869,452	KUWAYAMA, NORITADA	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Douglas M. Shute	2121	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a rolly within the statutory minimum of thin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON e, cause the application to become AB	reply be timely filed  by (30) days will be considered timely.  ITHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
itus			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 C2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	s action is non-final.	ers, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under	·	• •	
enseition of Claims			
position of Claims	P		
4) Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are pending in the applica			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	iwn nom consideration.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) <u>rand 2</u> is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
plication Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin			
10) $\boxtimes$ The drawing(s) filed on 25 October 2001 is/are			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer, Note the attached	d Office Action of form PTO-152.	
ority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority documen			
2. Certified copies of the priority documen			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	•	received in this National Stage	
application from the International Burea			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies not	received.	
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achment(s)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	A) 🗀 Intensions	Summary (PTO-413)	
Notice of References Cited (P10-692)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT0-948)	Paper No(	s)/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08	5) Notice of I	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/27/01.

6) Other: \_\_\_\_.

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## DETAILED ACTION

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1. Claims 1-2 are presented for examination.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saliba (5,883,864) (hereinafter Saliba).
- 4. As per claim 1, Saliba shows the invention substantially as claimed having a library system (e.g., Figure 5) comprising a host computer (e.g., Figure 5, element 12), a library unit (e.g., Figure 5, element 100D) and a communication apparatus which connects said host computer and said library unit with

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each other for communications (e.g., Figure 5, "SCSI" interconnections), characterized in that: said library unit comprises: a plurality of recording medium storage sections (e.g., Figure 5, elements 112); a plurality of recording medium reproduction sections which receive recording media which are stored in said recording medium storage sections and reproduce the recording media (e.g., Figure 5, elements 148-10 through 148-15); a recording medium transportation section for transporting the recording media each between said recording medium storage sections and said recording medium reproduction sections (e.g., Figure 5 elements 114A and 114B); and a controller for controlling said recording medium reproduction sections and said recording medium transportation section (e.g., Figure 5, element 146D), said plurality of recording medium storage sections are divided into a plurality of storage stations (e.g., Figure 5, a) elements 112 in top half of element 100D and b) elements 112 in bottom half of element 100D), said plurality of recording medium reproduction sections are divided into a plurality of reproduction stations (e.g., Figure 5, a) elements 148-10 through 148-12 in top half of element 100D and b) elements 148-13 through 148-15 in bottom half of element 100D), each storage station and the corresponding reproduction station constitute a

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virtual unit (e.g. Figure 5, a) upper half of element 100D and b) bottom half of element 100D). Saliba does not specifically show that the library unit includes one cabinet containing the various components but it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that the components could have been incorporated into a single cabinet as the use of a cabinet to provide protection of various types to components therein is a well-known structure in the electronic field. Further, Saliba does not specifically show said host computer includes applications which correspond to said virtual units to control said virtual units individually but it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that the host computer could include various programs to control the virtual units individually as Saliba shows that the host provides commands to the storage unit (e.g., col. 3, lines 59-62) and thus could control the individual virtual units thereby as a particular circumstance warranted by way of applications (programs) contained within the host.

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5. As per claim 2, it is rejected for reasons similar to those given above for claim 1 above. Saliba does not specifically show the utilization of a second library unit interconnected with the

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host and a first library unit. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that a second library unit (similar to a first library unit per Figure 5, element 100D) could be added to the overall structure of Figure 5 in order to provide expanded and enhanced capabilities thereto. Each library unit includes (e.g., per Figure 5): a recording medium storage section (e.g. Figure 5, elements 112); a recording medium reproduction section which receives a recording medium which is stored in said recording medium storage section and reproduces the recording medium (e.g., Figure 5, elements 148-10 through 148-15); a recording medium transportation section for transporting the recording medium between said recording medium storage section and said recording medium reproduction section (e.g., Figure 5 elements 114A and 114B); and a controller for controlling said recording medium reproduction section and said recording medium transportation section (e.g., Figure 5, element 146D). The multiple library unit structure does not specifically show that each library unit comprises one cabinet but it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that the respective components could have been incorporated into cabinets as the use of a cabinet to

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provide protection of various types to components therein is a well-known structure in the electronic field. Further, each library unit (e.g., Figure 5, element 100D) has at least a portion of said recording medium storage section and at least a corresponding portion of said recording medium reproduction section which constitute a virtual unit portion (e.g., Figure 5, a) element 100D (top half) or b) element 100D (bottom half)). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that a virtual unit portion in said first library unit and a virtual unit portion in said second library unit could constitute one virtual unit in order to provide enhanced and expanded capabilities to the structure of Figure 5. Further, Saliba does not specifically show said host computer could include applications which correspond to said virtual units to control said virtual units individually but it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that the host computer could include various programs to control the virtual units individually as Saliba shows that the host provides commands to the storage unit (e.g., col. 3, lines 59-62) and thus could control the individual virtual units thereby as a particular circumstance warranted by way of applications contained within the host.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Douglas M. Shute whose telephone number is (571) 272-3690. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30 AM - 6:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Knight can be reached on (571) 272-3687. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

June 9, 2005

Anthony Knight
Supervisory Patent Examiner
Group 3600